

Effectiveness Patrol Wheel 2 Unit Same use Reducing the Criminal Act of Theft by Aggregation in Served Law Police Office Gresik

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Abstract

Gresik Regency has various crime cases; one of the cases that has increased significantly is aggravated theft. The Objective study is a description of the general implementation of wheel patrol 2 units in reducing criminal acts of aggravated theft in the jurisdiction of the Gresik Police and what the factors that influence the implementation of 2-wheeled patrols in reducing criminal acts of aggravated theft in the jurisdiction of the Gresik Police. The study used draft optimization, Samapta, the Patrol Concept, and the concepts of theft and aggravation. This study used that the management theory and SWOT theory (*Strength, Weakness, Opportunities, and Threads*). The method of this study was qualitative research with the type of field research. The data sources used are primary data and secondary data. The informants in this study were the KaPolres, Kasat Samapta, KBO Samapta, Kanit Patrol, Sat Samapta Members, and the Community. Data collection techniques in this study are interview and observation and technique analysis data, which used data reduction, data presentation, and conclusion. Implementation of the performance of the Gresik Police Samapta unit in handling the number of theft cases with weighting Not yet effective because of source Power man Still Not yet by list of personnel so that the quality of personnel is not evenly distributed. Another obstacle is the lack of facilities and infrastructure to support such damage. However, the Gresik Police Samapta unit has made several efforts to ensure that performance continues to run, namely by cooperating with the local police in conducting routine patrols and creating reports related to damaged facilities and infrastructure so that they can be reported and repaired.

Keywords: Effectiveness, Patrol Wheel 2, Action Criminal theft with weighting

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INTRODUCTION

In general, Indonesia faces serious challenges related to aggravated theft, which often involves violence and is financially and emotionally detrimental to the victim. Theft is one of the crimes against property that usually occurs in society and has an impact that can be very detrimental to victims (Kurniawan, et al 2024). The crime of theft with violence is stealing that is not his/her property, accompanied by an act against the physical using physical strength or power and aimed at the person who will be the object of the theft, causing the person to become helpless (Mirzan, 2024). The crime of theft has been regulated in the Criminal Code (KUHP) with a division into petty and grand theft, each of which has its own characteristics and different legal consequences (Herring, 2022), (Wibowo, 2024). The jurisdiction of the Gresik Police, as part of Indonesia, is not immune from the threat of this crime. Theft with weighting has become

one of the main focuses of the police in efforts to maintain public security and order.

Regency Gresik, in a way, is astronomically located on coordinates 7°09' - 7°26' South latitude and 112°29' - 112°46' oblong east. Based on location geographically, Gresik Regency has the following boundaries: Located in the eastern part of East Java Province, Indonesia, and bordering with Regency Bangkalan in the north, the Madura Strait and Lamongan Regency in the east, the Surabaya Strait and Surabaya City in the west Power, as well as Regency Sidoarjo in the south. The economy in Regency Gresik is dominated by sector agriculture, which is arguably productive because of the land, which is considered very fertile, and the weather supports agricultural land growth. In the population field, the Gresik community is arguably multicultural and diverse. Many kinds of ethnic groups, cultures, and religions color life in Gresik Regency, creating a unique, diverse society and culture; also, not leaving behind martial arts in Gresik, which is famous and crowded enthusiast his, creating a Regency Gresik. This becomes more unique and very comfortable for in a stay.

Handling criminal acts is the domain of the Police, in this case, the Gresik Police, as the legal jurisdiction of the Gresik Regency area. Criminal cases that occurred and were recorded in the Gresik area increased in 2022. This became the main news in the press release event that implemented Police Station Gresik in 2022. The categories of criminal acts in the jurisdiction of Gresik Polis Stasion available in Table 1.

Table 1. Categories of Criminal Acts in the Jurisdiction of Gresik Police Station

NO	JENIS	JENIS KEJAHATAN			
		THN 2021		THN 2022	
		L	S	L	S
1	Anirat	-	-	-	-
2	Curat	84	38	103	81
3	Curas	15	12	10	6
4	Curanmor	74	32	100	64
5	Kebakaran	13	7	11	6
6	Pembunuhan	1	-	1	-
7	Pemerasan	3	2	5	4
8	Pemeriksaan	-	-	-	1
9	Perjudian	4	3	11	2
10	Uang Palsu	-	-	2	2
	JUMLAH	899	386	1.322	1.031

Based on Table 1 above shows that the number of theft crimes in the Gresik region is relatively high and significantly dominant compared to other crimes. Among the crimes of theft that occur, the most is aggravated theft, namely the crime of theft, which in its implementation is accompanied by certain aggravating circumstances. Aggravated robbery is also called theft with qualifications (*gequalificeerde diefstal*) or theft special with specific ways of heavier and threat. The punishment is also higher than for ordinary robbery. The large number of cases of aggravated theft is alarming (Fajar, et al 2024). For public Gresik, No. This also happened due to preventive handling, which was still less effective in its implementation; in this case, the related technical function is the technical function of Samapta, more specifically, the Patrol Unit of the Gresik Police Samapta Unit.

The continuous population growth in Indonesia also occurs in one of the Gresik Regency areas. It is recorded in Regency Gresik that in the year 2022, there were as many as 1,313,895 souls, which consisted of 660,624 men and 654,271 women. Maintaining and fulfilling daily needs by working is essential for society. To fulfill needs, humans tend to try in various ways. Especially if the economic situation and conditions are not as expected or are insufficient. The increasingly high standard of living of society is also one of the triggers for lower middle-class people to try their best to find money to fulfill their needs. Matter this can encouraged people to engage in illegal activities such as fraud, embezzlement, and theft.

Based on the description of the background that has been presented, the crime of aggravated theft is something that cannot be ignored. The problem is how the 2-wheeled patrol by the Gresik Police Samapta unit can reduce the crime of aggravated theft in the Gresik Regency area. The main issues are as follows: What is the general picture of implementing the Samapta unit's 2-wheeled patrol in reducing the crime of aggravated theft in the jurisdiction of the Gresik Police? What factors influence the implementation of 2-wheeled patrols in lowering the crime of aggravated theft in the jurisdiction of the Gresik Police? The purpose of this writing is to describe the general picture of the Samapta Unit in implementing 2-wheeled patrol activities to reduce criminal acts of aggravated theft in the jurisdiction of the Gresik Police and to describe the factors of the Samapta Unit of the Gresik Police in implementing 2-wheeled patrol activities to reduce criminal acts of aggravated theft in the jurisdiction of the Gresik Police.

METHOD

The type of research used in this study is field research, which means that researchers study

phenomena in the research environment. By conducting field research, researchers can describe and explain the state of a phenomenon in the field more clearly by considering social, legal, and empirical aspects. The data collection technique researchers use to analyze cases of aggravated theft that occurred in the jurisdiction of the Gresik Police is by conducting interviews and observations. Through interviews and observations, researchers also observed the implementation of 2-wheeled patrols effectively through the Gresik Police Samapta unit. The focus of the research in this study is the effectiveness of the Samapta 2-wheeled patrol unit in reducing the number of aggravated theft crimes in the jurisdiction of the Gresik Police.

This research was conducted in the jurisdiction of the Gresik Police in Gresik Regency. The data sources used in this study are primary data sources and secondary data sources. The primary data sources in this study were obtained through interviews and observations, and secondary data sources used laws, papers, books, documents, and other literature. Which is relevant and can support this research. Data collection techniques in this study used interview and observation techniques.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Gresik Police is an integral part of the law enforcement system in Indonesia, tasked with maintaining security and public order in the Gresik area, East Java. As part of the Indonesian National Police, Gresik Police has broad responsibilities, including investigation, law enforcement, and public service in terms of security. Along with the social, economic, and political dynamics that continue to develop in Gresik, the Police have an important role in adjusting their law enforcement strategies and policies. With an understanding of the social and economic background of the region, Gresik Police can design more effective crime prevention programs, strengthen relationships with the community, and increase accountability for their law enforcement duties.

Aggravated theft cases become the focus of the study of significant problems in Gresik Police Station due to the increasing number of reports and their impact on public security and social stability. Aggravated theft, which often involves acts of violence or threats, has become a serious challenge for law enforcement in Gresik. This study explores crime patterns related to aggravated theft, including the location and time of the incident, the perpetrator's modus operandi, and the profile of vulnerable victims. With an understanding of the characteristics of aggravated theft cases, the Gresik Police can develop more effective law enforcement strategies, including placing police in vulnerable areas, strengthening patrols, and increasing cooperation with the community to prevent and overcome these crimes.

Although two-wheeled patrols have been one of the traditional methods generally used by Polres Gresik to monitor and secure the area, its efficiency in reducing the crime of aggravated theft has become a highlight in study and evaluation. Patrol Two Wheels has limitations in coverage areas That they can watch out for, especially in complex and densely populated urban areas. In addition, that way, criminals can often avoid detection easily when they see patrols approaching. In addition, dense traffic conditions and limited accessibility to certain areas can also hinder two-wheeled patrols' effectiveness in tackling aggravated theft cases (Julianto, et al 2024).

General Description Of Implementing The Samapta 2-Wheeled Patrol To Reduce Criminal Acts Of Aggravated Theft In The Jurisdiction Of The Gresik Police.

Law enforcement efforts by Gresik Police to overcome theft need to increase the burden by reviewing the existing patrol strategy and considering the use of more sophisticated and efficient patrols. The 6M Theory, or the 6M Method, is an analytical approach used in various fields, including manufacturing, management quality, and engineering. This theory identifies six key factors influencing a process or event: Man, Machine, Method, Material, Money, and Material (Material). In context, security research or law enforcement at the Gresik Police, applying the 6M Theory can help comprehensively understand the factors contributing to success or failure in handling crime cases and helping in designing more effective strategies. Therefore, the factual conditions will be discussed in 6M (*man, money, method, machine, market, material*).

Man (Human)

The expected conditions of these human resources are in the quantity and quality of individual personnel, in this case, the personnel of the Turjawali Samapta Polres Gresik unit. Based on Police Regulation Number 2 Year 2021 Regarding the Organizational Structure and Work Procedures at the Resort Police and Sector Police Level, it is stated that the List of Personnel Structures (DSP) Unit the Javanese on Police Station the Ideal Type D consists of 41 personnel consisting of 1 (one) Turjawali Unit Head and 40 (forty) Banit personnel.

Method

Qualitative research begins with one or more relatively broad research questions that may be revised iteratively. The method of implementing 2-wheeled patrols, of course, will influence the success of the patrol implementation; the patrol route and time play an essential role in determining the efficiency level of the implementation of the 2-wheeled patrol.

6M Theory Method refers to a process's procedures, steps, or working methods. The method's suitability to the objectives, the clarity of the instructions, and its effectiveness in achieving the desired results are essential factors. Patrol routes and times are critical in carrying out patrols,

especially 2-wheeled patrols, because A patrol activity can be declared effective if it produces results. This is a criminal act of aggravated theft.

According to the residents' testimony, criminal acts are carried out at night, especially at midnight, because the perpetrators take advantage of the darkness of the night to hide their identities and quickly disappear after carrying out the crime of aggravated theft.

The small number of people passing by on the streets at night is also a reason for perpetrators of criminal acts, so perpetrators of aggravated theft can be more complimentary in carrying out their actions. Based on the description, the number of route patrols that are set and the timing of the patrols are not correct. From the problem of the conditions, it is hoped that the places where theft often occurs with weighting will be immediately passed by personnel with a patrol route near the area.

Time implementation patrol alone, it can be seen that factual conditions are implemented at 08.00 - 16.00 WIB, whereas level. The most serious thefts occur at night.

Therefore, it is hoped that 2-wheeled patrols will be more effective in preventing and reducing criminal acts of theft, focusing on the evening until early morning. Day, and with request help from the police stations where most lots happen, criminal acts of aggravated theft for patrol activities.

Material

Resources of facilities and infrastructure are all equipment, supplies, and facilities that function as tools in carrying out activities. Adequate facilities and infrastructure can make a job or activity effective, directly or indirectly, in achieving the objectives set for the activity. Can achieved with maximum. Facilities and infrastructure that can be appropriately classified are facilities and infrastructure that can provide convenience for personnel involved in an activity and utilize the facilities and infrastructure, which can be measured in terms of suitability and usefulness.

The condition of facilities and infrastructure that are still good and worthy of use naturally will be more effective than damaged facilities and infrastructure, giving rise to the view that the facilities and infrastructure are unsuitable. Facilities and infrastructure are also viewed in terms of their usefulness in driving the success of activities, and this can be seen from the suitability of the facilities and infrastructure in the field, whether they are appropriate or not.

The suitability of these facilities and infrastructure will provide many benefits, convenience, and smoothness in activities carried out in the field, in this case, seen from the equipment from head to toe still using Dalmas equipment, which should have been specially

procured for the implementation of patrols. The expected condition is to take good care of the equipment first. It is and still is used routinely to check the completeness and suitability of existing tools.

It is hoped that in the future, the police will apply to provide adequate and appropriate patrol equipment. Standard, because sufficient facilities and infrastructure for members will also provide more Spirit in implementation patrol. The level of member safety in the implementation of patrols will undoubtedly be more guaranteed because of the many things outside the plan that usually occur in the implementation of patrols in the field; this will undoubtedly increase the effectiveness of the implementation of patrols by the Gresik Police Samapta unit. These things can be made more effective in carrying out patrols; these things can run well with each implementing element's help. The patrol started from the leader to the members of the Gresik Police Samapta unit. All efforts to improve patrol performance will be meaningless if human resources are still reluctant to help improve patrol performance.

1. Factors That Influence the Implementation Of The Samapta 2-Wheeled Patrol In Preventing The Criminal Act Of Aggravated Theft

Supporting factors will determine the success of implementing 2-wheeled patrol activities in the Samapta unit, which plays a significant role in the effectiveness of 2-wheeled patrol activities by the Gresik Police Samapta unit. A SWOT analysis is used to analyze the factors that influence the implementation of 2-wheeled patrols by the Samapta unit. SWOT (*Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats*) is a strategic analysis framework used to evaluate internal and external factors that affect the performance of Samapta Unit. In this theory, the internal strengths *and* weaknesses *of* Samapta Unit are assessed to understand the quality of its performance. Meanwhile, *opportunities* and threats (threats) are analyzed to identify environmental factors that can affect the success of the Samapta unit. By understanding and utilizing factors, unit Same can develop a more effective strategy to reduce the crime of aggravated theft.

2. Factors Supporting the Implementation Of 2-Wheeled Patrols in Reducing the Crime Of Aggravated Theft

Factors that support the implementation of patrol wheel two units Samapta can analyzed from Strengths and Opportunities *Factors* Strengths and *Opportunities*. High Mobility: Two-wheeled patrols can quickly reach hard-to-access areas by vehicle wheel four, such as narrow alleys, small alleys, or densely populated residential areas. High mobility allows patrol officers

to respond quickly to crime reports or act in crime-prone areas. Community Engagement: Two-wheeled patrols allow officers to interact more easily with the local community. They can stop and talk to locals, increasing trust and building better relationships between the police and the community. This can help gain intelligence, which is valuable for criminal activities in the area.

A More Secret Presence: Vehicles wheel two tend to be smaller and more inconspicuous than a police car. This allows officers to move through the area more inconspicuously, thus monitoring criminal activity without attracting unwanted attention. Flexibility: Two-wheeled patrols can often enter areas inaccessible to four-wheeled vehicles, such as footpaths or dense urban areas. This flexibility allows officers to reach places that are potential targets for criminals.

The SWOT theory supports this, according to Robinson and Pearce (1997), which states that strengths refer to...on asset internal which Provide organizations with a competitive advantage. These include resource advantages, employee skills, a strong brand reputation, advanced technology, and efficient operational capabilities.

Opportunity (*Opportunities*)

Samapta can read dynamic external situations and adapt to them, which will certainly be a success for implementing 2-wheeled patrols in the future.

Aggravated theft involves several considerations:

Response Speed: Two-wheeled patrols have the advantage of speed in responding to crime reports or emergencies. They can quickly respond to crime scenes or search for fleeing perpetrators, allowing for further arrests or prevention of crimes in progress.

Accessibility to Hard-to-Reach Areas: Compared to wheeled vehicle four, patrol wheel two can more easily reach hard-to-access areas, such as minor roads, narrow alleys, or dense urban areas. This allows them to conduct direct patrols in areas targeted for aggravated theft.

High Maneuverability: Two-wheeled vehicles have better maneuverability, allowing officers to chase criminals or navigate winding roads more efficiently. This can help catch criminals trying to flee or evade arrest. Monitoring Effectiveness: Two-wheeled patrols can more effectively monitor the surrounding environment, including theft-prone areas. Officers can conduct active surveillance from their vehicles, identifying activities that are suspicious or potential crimes and providing a quick response if needed.

3. Factors Inhibiting the Implementation of 2-Wheeled Patrols in Reducing Aggravated Theft Crimes

Factors that hinder the implementation of the Samapta 2-wheeled patrol can be analyzed using the SWOT theory by looking at the weaknesses and threats. A limited number of personnel:

Organization will significantly affect the performance of an organization, as is the case with the Samapta unit if the organization is... Not arranged well, then it will reduce the effectiveness of the unit's performance. Same That Alone, as an example, what was found in the field was that it was essential to ensure the number of personnel and the order of those on duty within one week because the duty schedule must also be adjusted to personnel who may have obstacles that week or are taking part in other activities, also when carrying out patrols if the number of personnel on duty is too small. There is no following as planned, and there will be many losses, such as the failure to carry out patrols on several planned routes or the lack of flexibility in activities. Patrol the Because amount The number of personnel present when the patrol was carried out did not correspond to the number that should have been.

Internal communication disruptions of the Gresik Police Samapta Unit: Making a patrol activity plan is significant because it will describe future activities to achieve the desired results and goals. Judging from the factual conditions for planning the implementation of 2-wheeled patrols in Police Station Gresik, they are not yet optimal and still not following the target; for example, the patrol route still does not pass through places that are prone to theft, and also the patrol time is still not right at night until early morning, this makes the 2-wheeled patrol activity ineffective. By paying attention to this SWOT analysis, the Gresik Police Samapta unit can identify areas where they can... utilize, minimize weaknesses, and address threats to increase the effectiveness in preventing theft crimes with weighting through two-wheel patrol activities. The above is supported by the statement from Robinson and Pearce (1997). Anticipating and managing these threats is essential to mitigate risks and maintain business continuity.

The solution to the problem in this writing is the weakness in the number of personnel which is undoubtedly very significant in the implementation of 2-wheeled patrol activities by the Gresik Police Samapta unit, but this can be anticipated by collaborating with the police stations under the Gresik Police to cooperate in implementing 2-wheeled patrols which are expected to be able to carry out assistance from the related police stations. Part of the route is to patrol the wheels of the Gresik Police so that its implementation will be more efficient. Weaknesses in the lack of training of Samapta unit personnel who carry out patrols can be prevented by holding training. Special unit patrol Police Station Gresik so that they can be more sensitive and ready to face things outside of planning when carrying out patrols.

The most prominent threat is the lack of coordination between patrol officers caused by communication which limited When carrying out 2-wheeled patrols, this can be anticipated by using an intercom for every personnel which carries out 2-wheel patrol so that during the patrol it can still be carried out communication and coordination the implementation of patrol wheel two by unit Gresik Police Samapta can be more flexible and mobile and it is hoped that this will

CONCLUSION

Based on the findings from the discussion and research conducted in the previous chapter, conclusions can be drawn, which will be explained in the points summarized as follows:

1. Implementing R2 patrols to reduce the number of thefts with weighting is not yet effective. Many factors become obstacles, deficiencies, and challenges regarding human resources, budget, materials, facilities and infrastructure, methods, and targets. The most prominent factor is that human resources still do not follow the DSP (personnel list). The current implementation of Samapta patrols falls short of optimal prevention against aggravated theft.
2. Means, infrastructure, and tools, primarily available, have been fulfilled in quantity, even excessively. However, the available items are considered unfit for use because they are too old, and quite a few unique tools are damaged, such as broken shields and helmets that no longer have straps, security, etc.

a. Weaknesses

In this case, the Samapta unit must be more seen in the internal unit. Samapta can identify the weaknesses that hinder the implementation of 2-wheeled patrol activities, for example, lack of personnel, facilities, and infrastructure which is Already Not worthy of use, the planned route is less effective, and the patrol implementation time is still less than perfect, so its implementation is not optimal.

b. Threat

The lack of coordination between patrol officers caused attitudes and behavior (Broderick, 1977; Brown, 1988; Muir, 1977). Also, the lack of coordination between patrol officers caused by limited communication during the implementation of the 2-wheeled patrols factor inhibitor implementation 2-wheeled patrol, this can be overcome by using an intercom, where in its use it is hoped that each personnel can still coordinate and communicate without any obstacles even over long distances and Also in middle hustle and bustle hustle and bustle the streets so that the implementation of 2-wheeled patrols can be carried out more optimally.

SUGGESTIONS

It is expected that in planning R2 patrol activities, target creation planning will be carried out, and target, time, and personnel will be adjusted to areas considered vulnerable, with O'clock certainly considered to have a high level of vulnerability. It is expected that with the use of GPS and Wi-Fi on patrol vehicles used to carry out patrols, the GPS and Wi-Fi can be connected to related applications so that the implementation of patrols will be more effective and efficient.

Given the lack of patrol personnel from the Gresik Police Samapta unit who participated in education and training (education exceptional development), then it would be good for Samapta Unit Heard to re-grow the motivation of their members so that Samapta unit members to take part in patrol special education and training to become.

It is suggested that the Gresik Police cooperate with other agencies, such as the transportation department, security guards, and community groups, to prevent crime in the Gresik area. As a member of the Police, in this era of sophisticated technology information moment, member patrols can create communities located in each patrol target location, such as creating groups on social media, such as WhatsApp, between police officers and community leaders so that emergency and suspicious information can be reported immediately and in anticipation of indications of criminal cases that occur.

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